

The Tooth Of The Matter



SODA CONSUMPTION VS. # OF CAVITIES



Does this....Lead to this?

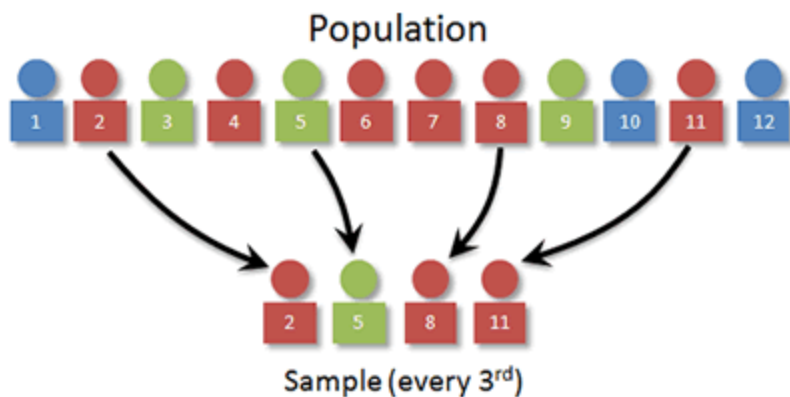


Gathering the data....

We obtained **35 people** for the random sample. We used a **systemic sampling process**. The goal would be for each of us to collect seven responses, from contacts in the mall/work.



We started at the **7th contact**, and sampled **every 9th contact** until our desired number of responses had been collected.



The Data



Soda consumption & Cavities Reported



Our first quantitative variable is daily soda consumption.

The unit of measurement for this variable is ounces.

Values for this first quantitative variable are 12oz, 24oz, and 36oz 48 oz.

Amount of Soda

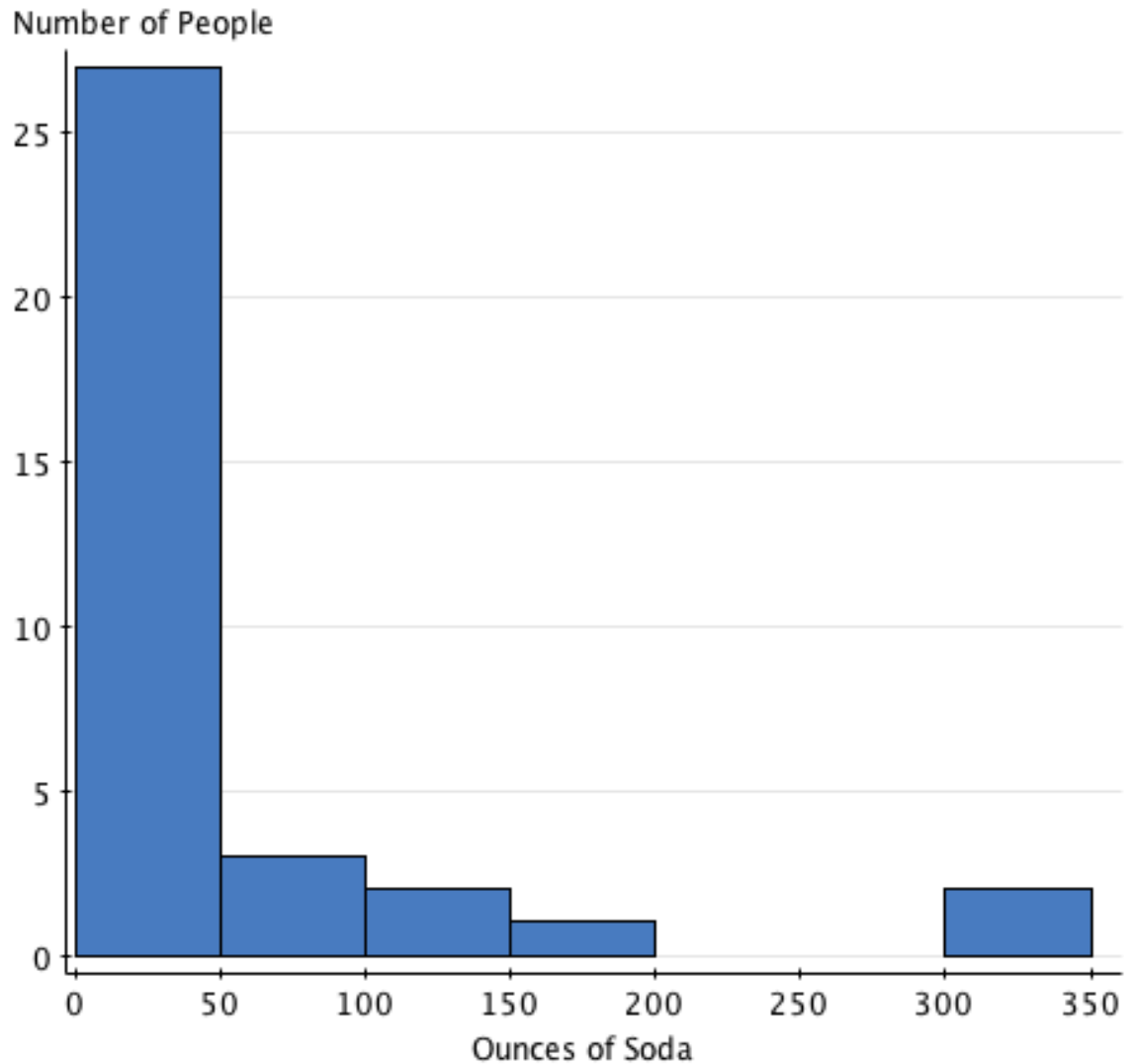
- Mean: 46.4
- Standard Deviation: 82.5246
- Five number summary:
- Min: 0
- Q1: 0
- Med: 12
- Q3: 48
- Max: 336
- Range: 336
- Mode: 0
- Outliers: 336



The United States ranks first among countries for soft drink consumption with a per capita consumption of approximately 15 ounces a day.

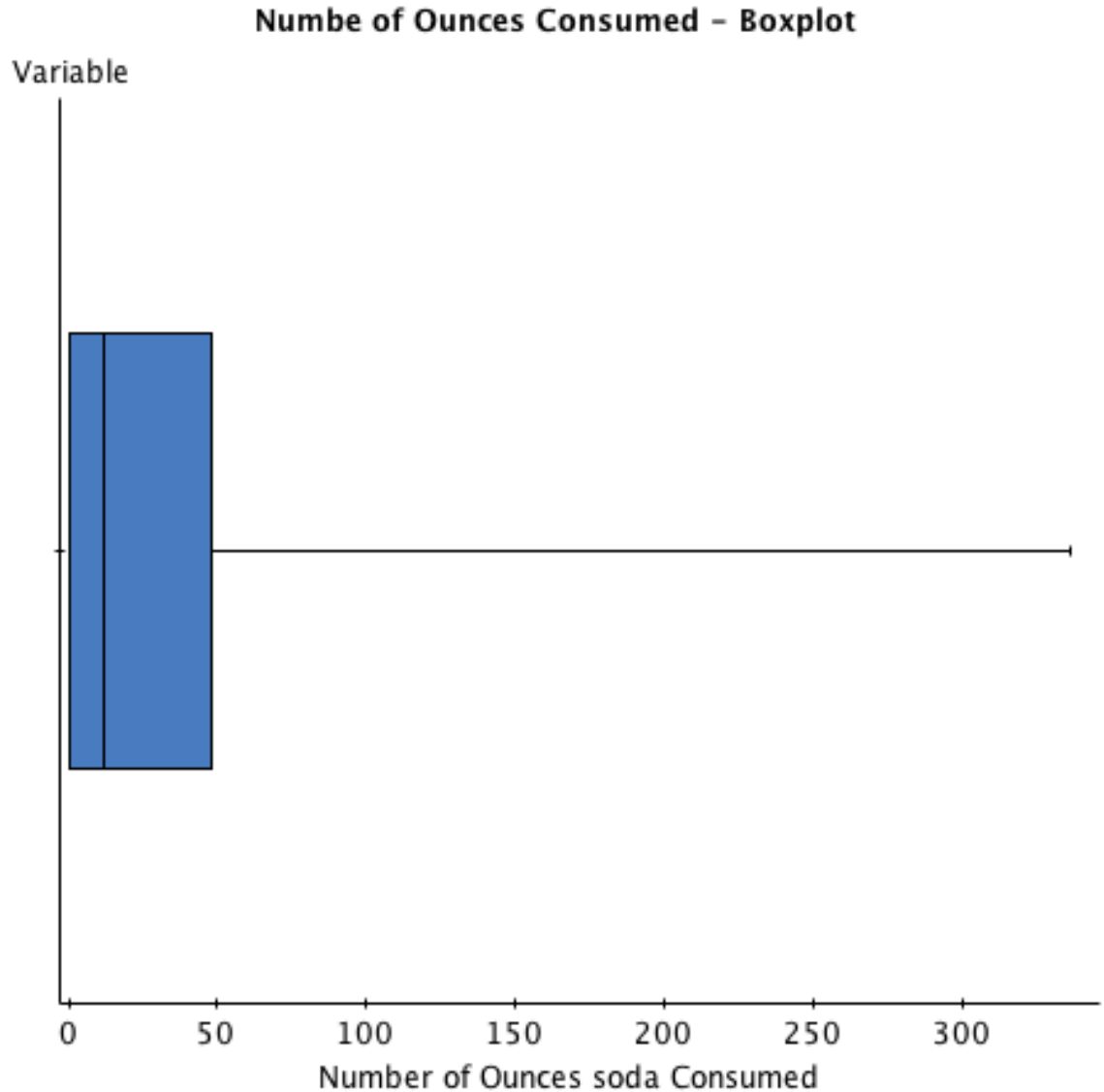
Source: <http://www.everyday-wisdom.com/soft-drink-consumption.html>

Ounces of Soda Consumed vs. Number of People



Sugar and acid in soft drinks so easily dissolves tooth enamel..

Enamel breakdown leads to cavities.





The second quantitative variable is how many cavities a person has had.

The unit of measurement for this variable is one unit for every cavity a person has had.

Values for this second quantitative variable are 1 cavity, 2 cavities and 3 cavities 4 cavities

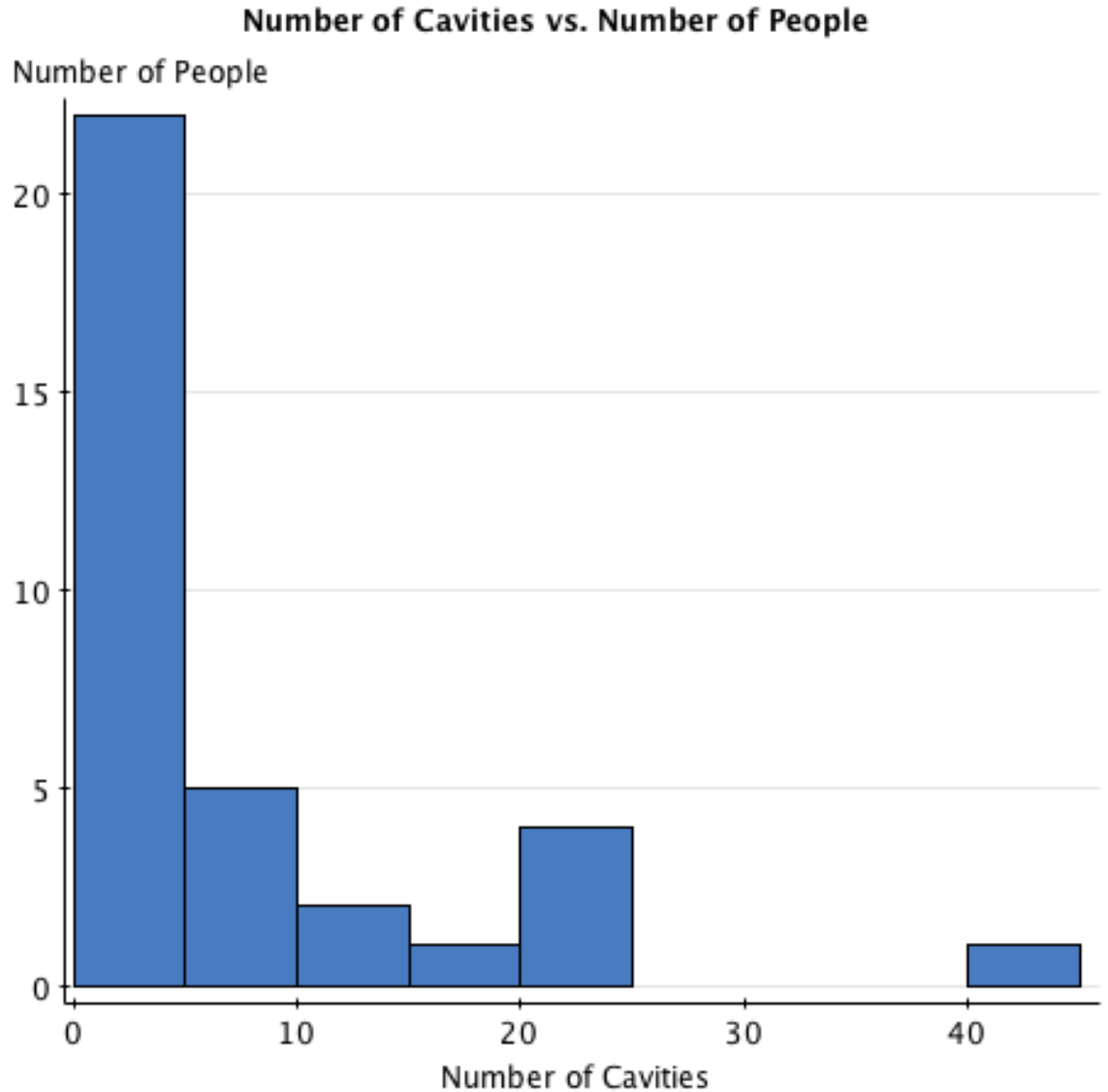
Number of Cavities

- Mean: 6.9
- Standard Deviation: 8.8
- 5 Number Summary-
- Min: 0
- Q1: 1
- Med: 3
- Q3: 9
- Max: 40
- Range: 40
- Mode: 0
- Outliers: 24, 40



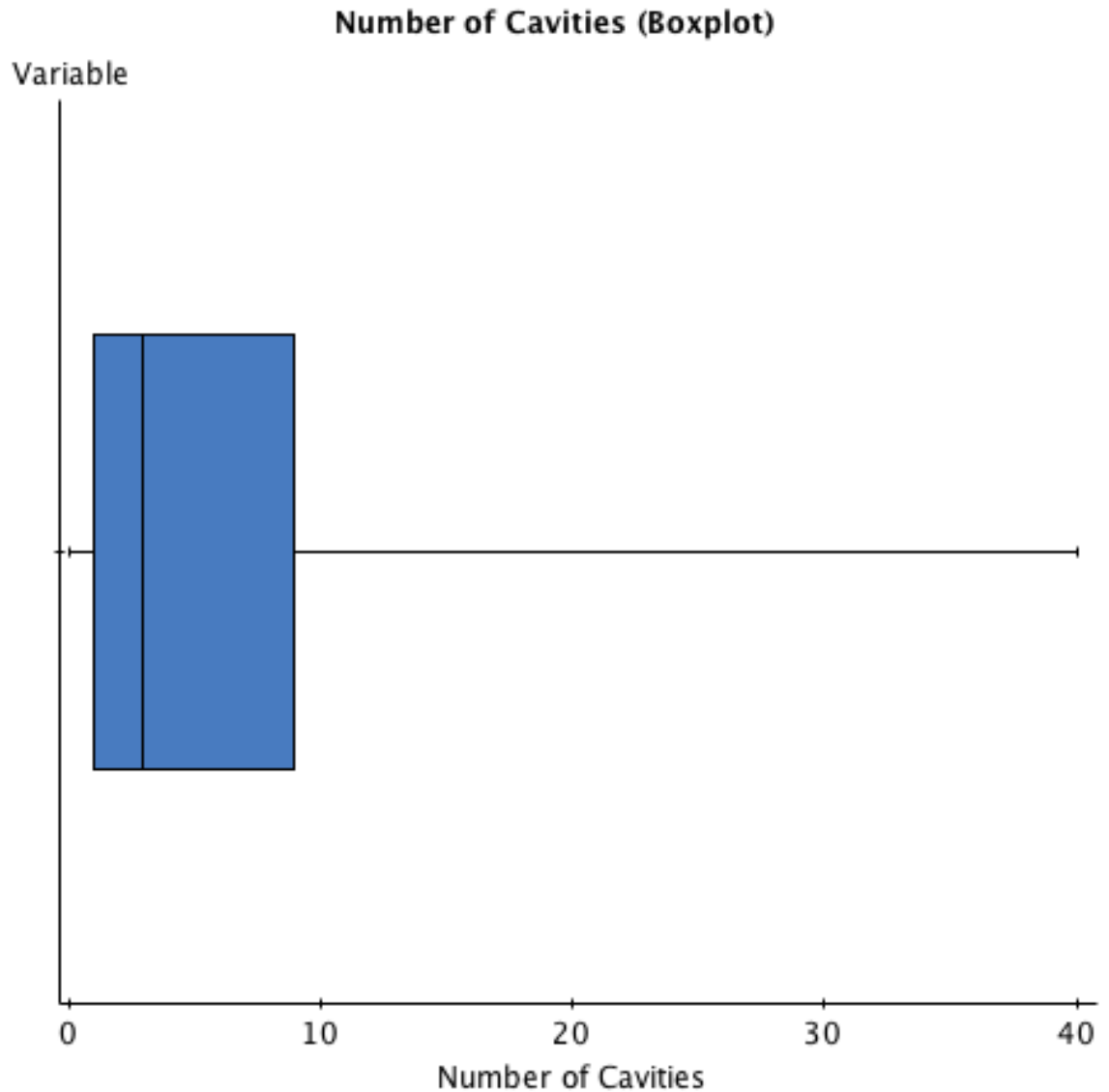
“Sip all day.
Get decay.”

-Minnesota
Dental
Association



Drinking soda pop regularly increases your chances of tooth decay and staining.

Source: <http://www.badbreath-cure.info/teeth-decay/is-drinking-coca-cola-bad-for-your-teeth/#more-559>



So....?



So what does the data say?

Is there a relationship?



Our R-value came to
0.2982 which was less than
Our p value of **$p < .05$** .

This showed us that **there
is not a significant
relationship** between soda
consumption and cavities.

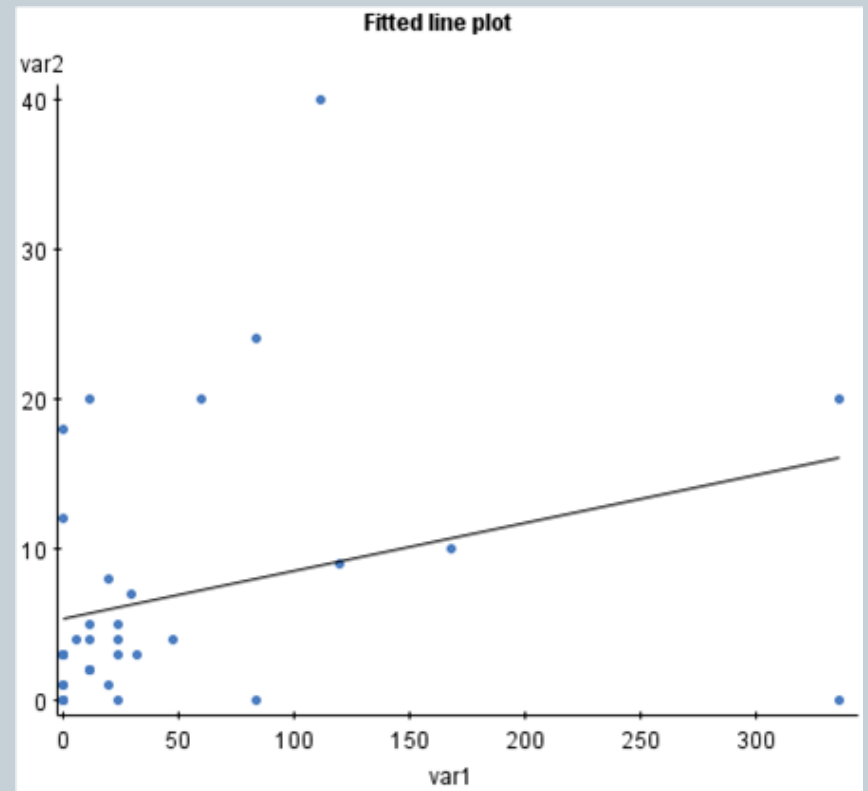


However...



Scatter plot W/Regression

As the soda consumption increased, the number of cavities increased also with those individuals....so it may not be an immediate cause, but does have some impact.





Dental Tips

Substitute different drinks

Rinse with water

Use fluoride and mouth rinse

Use a straw to sip your soda



Be Soda Smart!

Soda is not evil....



But drink it moderately....





So enjoy a soda!
But remember, your teeth are
counting on you.

Thank You



Special thanks to...



- Heather Andresen-Variable 1 slide/information, regression line graph
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- Jessica Heckman: Variable 2 slide/information
- Chris Harris: graphs (box plots, histograms)
- Ryan Hermansen: composition of slide show, pictures, additional medical data